

THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN.

No 82, Vol. 2.

NEW WESTMINSTER, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 7, 1863.

Price 6d. or 12 cts.

The British Columbian.

NEW WESTMINSTER, WEDNESDAY, JAN. 7.

THE SEASON

Since last we greeted our readers the year 1862 has gone! It departed from us clad in a beautiful robe of green; and so mild and delightful was the atmosphere around us that we might have doubted that we had in reality reached the closing days of the eventful 1862. But now as we look abroad over the magnificent landscape which all around meets our gaze, we are convinced that winter is indeed here, enveloped in its dazzling robes of snowy whiteness. What a year of turmoil and change—wars and rumors of wars, has thus forever passed away, with all its joys and sorrows—its bright anticipations realized, or its fondly cherished hopes crushed for ever! Between thirty and forty million of the human race have, in the course of those twelve months, gone to that home whence no traveler returns.

"Some like a night flash passed away,
And some a long lingering day;
The quiet grave—some lie there,
And cruel ocean has his share."

We would not, however, seek to cast a gloomy shade over the joyous, happy, gladdening present. Cheerfully would we bid our kind readers to indulge in bright hopes for the future, while in meditation they enjoy the God-given seasons of mirth now afforded us; and right heartily do we wish them all "good cheer" and a "Happy New Year." Glorious prospects are looming, not far, in the distance for our adopted country—aye, and the whole human race. Then

"Weep not that time
Is passing on; it will ere long reveal
A brighter era to the nations. Hark!
Along the vale and mountains of the earth
There is a deep, portentous murmuring,
Like the swift rush of subterranean streams,
Or like the mingled sounds of earth and air,
When the fierce tempest, with sonorous wing
Heaves his deep folds upon the rushing winds,
And hurries onward with his night of clouds
Against the eternal mountains."

"Tis the voice
Of infant freedom; and her stirring call
Is heard and answered in a thousand tones
From every hill top of her Western home;
And lo! it breaks across old ocean's flood;
And 'FREEDOM! FREEDOM!' is the answering shout
Of nations startled from the spell of years."

During the past twelve months our young and extensive continental Colony has taken rapid strides in advance. That our country teems with the precious metal is beyond all doubt and cavil. With the many disappointed gold-seekers in our midst, and those who have foolishly, without a fair trial, rashly rushed away, we deeply and heartily sympathize. With comparatively few exceptions (and to them we have already paid our respects in words of searching truth which they will not soon forget) they were a noble band from the lands of the Rose, the Thistle, the Shamrock, and the Star and Stripes; and last but not least, the land of the maple and the merry sleigh bells, whose energy, toil, and self-denying perseverance we would rejoice to have seen more amply rewarded. Complete success in any line of life is the lot of few, and how unreasonable to expect success at once in a business which we have taken no time to study, and for which we have had no opportunity of preparing ourselves by actual experiment. Many obstacles, too, were this season in the way which it will not in the future be necessary to encounter.

Courage, then, ye brave ones! To obtain possession of the precious dust requires, it is true, a goodly exercise of patience and hope, and a goodly expenditure of time, labor, and capital; but the recompense is great. Let, then, the tillers of our soil, our miners, our merchants and our traders, join hand in hand to work manfully for each one's own, and each other's interest and welfare; and the gospel ministers with a watchful eye over all, and a faithful declaration of the "words of truth and soberness" to us amid all our wanderings—may, all combined, courageously, lovingly and sympathizingly, assist in working out the destinies and lay, deep and strong, the foundations of a vast empire, stretching from the Pacific to the Atlantic!

Let us hope that we will not again witness the dark days to many of the Cariboo of 1862, nor the dark mock judicial deeds of the Lillooet and New Westminster of 1862. Let us confidently indulge the hope that for the year 1863 there will be no "beams straight" for the adventurous miner, nor "bloomy dungeon" for the honest, hard-worked, fearless Editor. We conclude by simply announcing the grand desideratum for 1863—a RESIDENT GOVERNOR AND RESPONSIBLE GOVERNMENT!

CUSTOMS RECEIPTS FROM DECEMBER 22d TO DECEMBER 31st, 1862, \$5748 60c.

Victoria Advertisements.

W. M. SEARBY & J. MOORE,

IMPORTERS OF

Drugs and Chemicals,

PATENT MEDICINES,

PAINTS AND OILS,

WINDOW GLASS, &c.

GOVERNMENT STREET,
VICTORIA, V. I.

BANK

—OF—

British North America.

ESTABLISHED IN 1836.

Incorporated by Royal Charter.

PAID UP CAPITAL . . . \$5,000,000.

HEAD OFFICE . . . ST. HELENS PLACE, LONDON.
VICTORIA BRANCH . . . YATES STREET.

Establishments in the Colonies.

MONTREAL, LONDON, C. W.,
QUEBEC, KINGSTON,
TORONTO, DUNDAS,
HAMILTON, ST. JOHN, N. S.,
BRANTFORD, HALIFAX, N. S.,
VICTORIA, V. I.

Agents and Correspondents.

NEW YORK, R. C. FERGUSON, J. H. GRAY, AND J. SMITH.
SAN FRANCISCO, . . . B. DAVIDSON & M. Y.
AUSTRALIA, . . . UNION BANK OF AUSTRALIA.

Bills of Exchange and Gold Purchased.

DRAFTS ISSUED ON

LONDON, NEW YORK, SAN FRANCISCO, CANADA, NEW BRUNSWICK, NOVA SCOTIA, AND ON ALL THE BRANCHES OF THE NATIONAL BANK OF SCOTLAND, AND THE PROVINCIAL BANK OF IRELAND.

Credits granted on this office by the

UNION BANK OF AUSTRALIA.

MELBOURNE, ADELAIDE,
HOBART TOWN, LAUNCESTON,
SYDNEY, DUNEDIN, N. Z.

The Bank receives MONEY and GOLD DUST on Deposit returnable on demand, undertakes the Purchase and Sale of Stock, the Collection of Bills, and other money business, in the United States and British Provinces.

J. G. SHEPHERD,
Manager.

Victoria, V. I.

LANGLEY BROS.,

Importing Druggists,

YATES STREET,

VICTORIA, V. I.,

are constantly receiving

Drugs and Chemicals,

Patent Medicines,

Surgical Instruments,

Paints and Oils,

Window Glass, &c., &c.

Just received a large assortment of reliable Garden, Field, and Flower Seeds, which they offer at moderate prices.

Furniture! Furniture!!

BY LATE ARRIVALS, the undersigned have received additions to their hitherto well-assorted stock of Furniture, and now offer

Painted Sets—10 pieces;
Extension Tables—3 and 10 feet long;
Centre Tables—serpentine, and round tops, assorted sizes;

Card Tables—harp and square pillars;
Common Tables—2, 3 and 3½ long;
Bedsteads—Mahogany, French, Cottage, double and single;

Lounges—spring seats, in damask and leather covers;
Sofas—spring seats, hair cloth with round and pill low ends;

Desks—with full and door fronts;
Cheffoniers—walnut and mahogany, carved front, shelves, and fret work;

Bureaus—one-half marble top, scroll, and painted pine, four and six drawers;

What-nots—walnut and mahogany, 5 and 6 shelves;
Mirrors—in gilt and mahogany frames, assorted sizes, for parlors, chambers, and saloons;

Children's Cribs and Cradles—Also high and low chairs, assorted sizes;

Chairs—mahogany, haircloth, spring seats, cane and wood seat, office, oak, dining Grecian cane, heavy bar-room, and common wood seat;

Rockers—spring seats, mahogany and cane seats and backs, sewing and arm;

Sinks—washstands, chair cushions, coverlets, towel racks, willow cribs, &c.

—ALSO—

BEDDING.

Pulu, curled hair, moss, wool, and straw mattresses, best feather pillows, all sizes; in the manufacture of which we use only the best materials, and guarantee all our work.

Broad-street, between Yates and View streets.
no21-2c Victoria V. I.

CHARLES F. ROBBINS,
IMPORTER AND DEALER in Type, Presses, Printing Material, Inks, Card stock, &c., Nos. 111 and 113 Clay street, San Francisco.
ap18 1y

Victoria Advertisements.

THE BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Incorporated by Royal Charter.

CAPITAL, . . . \$1,250,000.

IN 12,500 SHARES, OF \$100 EACH,

WITH POWER TO INCREASE.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened for any amount not less than One Hundred Dollars, and every facility granted to Traders and others for the transaction of business.

DEPOSIT RECEIPTS issued for money lodged for fixed periods, bearing the following rates of interest:

On money lodged for 15 days certain, at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum.

On money lodged for 1 month certain, at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum.

On money lodged for 3 months certain, at the rate of 3 per cent. per annum.

On money lodged for 6 months certain, at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum.

On money lodged for 12 months certain, at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum.

No partial payment made on these receipts. Interest payable half yearly, and the Principal not due until the expiry of the period for which the money is lodged.

DISCOUNTS AND ADVANCES.—Approved Bills discounted, and Advances made on Bills of Lading, (accompanied by Policies of Insurance,) for goods shipped to or from the Colonies.

DRAFTS AND LETTERS OF CREDIT issued on Great Britain and the Colonies, also on New York and San Francisco, and Bills on these places purchased or sent for collection.

CASHES issued on Great Britain, San Francisco, and New York, authorizing payment for Goods shipped from these ports to the Colonies; all such shipments to be insured and Hypothecated to the Bank.

GOVERNMENT AND OTHER SECURITIES received for safe custody, and 1 per cent. Commission charged on withdrawing the same; Interest and Dividends collected on account of constituents at the rate of one-half per cent. on the amount collected, if payable in Victoria.

GOLD DUST AND BARS purchased, or advances made on the same.

JAMES D. WALKER, Manager.
New Westminster, September 25, 1862. se27

ST. GEORGE HOTEL.

VIEW STREET.

BETWEEN BROAD & DOUGLAS,

VICTORIA, V. I.

THIS ELEGANT BRICK HOTEL

WILL BE OPEN for the reception of the public, at 7 P. M., on SATURDAY EVENING, October 25th.

The Proprietor having engaged the services of a

SUPERIOR FRENCH COOK,

the Culinary department

CANNOT BE SURPASSED.

Breakfast from 7 A. M. to 12 M.

Table d'Hôte at 6 P. M.

Board per Week, \$12.

Suites of Rooms for Single Rooms on reasonable terms.

Victoria, V. I., oct27 1m

STATIONERY

Counting House, Official, Printers,

AND FOR GENERAL USES,

Of every conceivable style and quality, STAPLE and FANCY.

Wrapping Papers,

Of various sizes, weights, textures, and colors;

Drawing, Lithographic, Cartridge, Blotting, Tissue, Copying, and Tracing Papers and Cloths;

Sheet and Manuscript

MUSIC,

Sacred, Sentimental and Comic, bound and unbound.

COAST CHARTS, CARIBOO MAPS,

Mathematical Instruments, Gold Pens

—AND—

Pocket Cutlery.

BOOKS,

BEROOL, STANDARD, MISCELLANEOUS, AND ORNAMENTAL.

New Publications

Received as issued by first conveyance.

HIBBEN & CARSWELL,

STATIONER'S HALL.

Royal Insurance Co.,

—FOR—

FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE.

CAPITAL, . . . \$10,000,000.

HEAD OFFICES, Liverpool and London.

Agents for Vancouver Island and British Columbia,

ANDERSON & CO.,

Wharf Street, Victoria, 21st November, 1862. no29 1c

Victoria Advertisements.

BRITISH COLUMBIA AND VICTORIA

EXPRESS COMPANY.

—CARRYING—

Victoria to Cariboo,

Her Majesty's Mails.

THIS COMPANY will make regular trips, Summer and Winter, between Antler City and Victoria, dispatching Messengers to all the Mining Camps in

CARIBOO.

Carrying Treasure, Letters, Papers and Valuables, Purchasing Drafts on San Francisco, New York, Canada and London, executing Commissions, making Collections, passing Goods through the Customs, Forwarding, and transacting the business of Expressmen generally; calling at all Cities, Towns, and Wayside Houses on

BOTH THE

Douglas-Lillooet & Yale-Lytton Routes.

Traders ordering Goods may avail themselves of the services of this Company to advantage. Orders handed to any of the Messengers will be executed by Mr. Bernard personally, who has had considerable experience in the Victoria Market, and will make every effort to purchase on the most favorable terms.

July 18th, 1862. jy30

ROYAL MAIL

STEAM PACKET

COMPANY'S AGENCY,

For British Columbia and Vancouver Island.

OFFICE—MACDONALD & CO., BANKERS,

YATES STREET, VICTORIA, V. I.

THE ATTENTION OF SHIPPERS AND PASSENGERS is particularly directed to the superior facilities the Royal Mail Steam Packet Company's Line affords for the speedy conveyance of Treasure, Goods and Passengers to and from England to British Columbia and Vancouver Island, in connection with the PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S VESSELS AND THE PANAMA ROUTE.

The superiority of the accommodation and entertainment on board the Royal Mail Steamers, together with the time occupied on the passage between England and Aspinwall DIRECT being so much shorter than by any other route, and the moderate rate of passage money, render this Company's steamers the CHEAPEST AND MOST EXPEDITIOUS MEANS OF TRANSIT, for passengers or for the forwarding of Goods and Treasure from Aspinwall to Europe.

Under an arrangement with the PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY, Specie and Bullion can be conveyed to London and Havre in France.

Further information on the subject of Freight, Passage Money, &c., will be furnished by the undersigned.

ALEX. D. MACDONALD, Agent.

jy12

DICKSON, CAMPBELL & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Corner of Wharf and Johnson streets,

VICTORIA, V. I.

H. N. DICKSON & Co., London.

DICKSON, DeWolfe & Co., San Francisco

m21-3m

W. CULVERWELL,

General Agency for the Collection of Rents and Debts,

INTELLIGENCE OFFICE,

Money Loaned on Good Security,

ADVANCES MADE ON LIVE STOCK,

Book-keeping, Documents Copied, &c.

In cases requiring a Power of Attorney, security will be furnished. Office—up stairs, corner Yates and Langley streets, Victoria. my24 3m

EX "N. S. PERKINS,"

COMPRESSED

Meats and Vegetables,

Packed in 10-lb. Tins of cases of 100 lbs. each,

Expressly for British Columbia Trade.

For sale in quantities to suit, by

EDGAR & AIME,

Wharf street, front of Yates.

ap24 6m

SELIM FRANKLIN & CO.,

Auctioneers and Land Agents,

YATES STREET, VICTORIA, V. I.

Town Lots for Sale in New Westminster and Victoria.

mar28

G. VIGNOLO & CO.,

No. 2, Reid's Block, Wharf Street

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS,

—ALSO—

Importers and Agents for the best brands of French

Wines and Liquors, and receive direct shipments of Havana Cigars by every steamer.

jy13

Victoria Advertisements.



\$40,000!

\$40,000!!

FOR THE HOLIDAYS

Watches,

Clocks,

Jewelry,

Musical Boxes,

Spectacles,

Opera Glasses,

Compasses,

Microscopes,

Telescopes.

J. L. JUNGEMAN,

While returning thanks for past liberal patronage, begs to inform the Public that he has now on hand Goods to the amount of \$40,000, of the

Newest Styles

—AND MOST—

SUPERIOR QUALITY,

consisting in part of—

Patent Gold & Silver Watches,

Fully equal to CHRONOMETER TIMEPIECES, from the Manufactory of LANGE, DRESDEN, universally acknowledged as the best European maker. More than a dozen of these magnificent Watches are already disposed of to gentlemen in this city and country, each one giving the most entire satisfaction.

—ALSO—

A Great Variety of

GOLD AND SILVER

WATCHES

FROM OTHER MAKERS,

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

MARINE, PENDULUM,

—AND—

French Bronze Clocks,

ALL OF SUPERIOR QUALITY.

—AND—

Diamond Jewelry

Of every description. Fine Gold Ladies' Buckles, Gentlemen's Gold Slides, Scarf Pins, Gold and Silver Pencils, Rings, Ear-Rings, Necklaces, Chains, Lockets, charms, &c.

—AND—

MUSICAL BOXES

LARGE and SMALL, varying in price from \$5 00 to \$200. Amongst them will be found the most popular Music of all Nations. China not excepted.

—AND—

Optician Department,

In the Optician Department will be found the largest and most varied assortment of Gold, Silver and STEEL SPECTACLES north of San Francisco, suitable for all ages and every description of sight; together with

Opera Glasses, Eye Glasses, Ship's Surveyors' and Miners' Compasses, Mathematical Instruments, Microscopes, Telescopes, Miners' Gold Scales, Levels, One Hour, Half Hour and 3 Minute Glasswood Sand Glasses, &c., &c.

—AND—

CHURCHES AND PUBLIC BUILDINGS supplied with TIMEPIECES on the most reasonable terms.

CHRONOMETERS, WATCHES, CLOCKS and JEWELRY REPAIRED with the utmost despatch, and WARRANTED.

YATES STREET.

(Opposite Langley Street.)

VICTORIA V. I.

46 1m

THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN.

This Journal is published every Wednesday and Saturday, at the office, Lytton Square, New Westminster. Single copy, price 6d., or 12d. per quarter, 3d. or 6d. per half-yearly, 15s. or 4.00, and yearly 21 10s., or 37.50. Subscriptions must be paid in advance.

Copies of this paper can be had at the Book Store of Mr. S. T. Tilley, Columbia Street.

ADVERTISING RATES.
Transient Advertisements, 2 inches and under, \$2 first insertion; and one dollar each subsequent insertion. Over two inches, \$3 per inch for first insertion, and half a dollar for each subsequent insertion. Special contracts with regular advertisers.

The British Columbian.

NEW WESTMINSTER, WEDNESDAY, JAN. 7.

MORTALITY WEEK.

Never before has it fallen to our lot to chronicle, within so brief a period, so many separate and distinct proofs of our mortality as are crowded in to-day's issue. Three of our fellow-men, in the full vigor of youth and health entered upon the newly-born year, with just as good prospects, to all human ken, as any of us, are now numbered with the dead. And what makes the matter all the more startling, in all the three cases death took off his victim, sudden as a flash of lightning. In a moment, in the twinkling of an eye was the silver cord loosed and the golden bowl broken, and the spirit, without a moment's warning, hurried into the presence of the great Judge of all. This, in a small and healthy community like ours is truly appalling, and should not fail to carry home with startling and salutary effect to the heart of every one of us the sacred admonition, "Be ye also ready, for in an hour when we think not the Son of man cometh."

Oh! It surely becometh us, amidst our rejoicings and festivities, ever to bear in mind that we, too, are mortal. And, while necessarily engaged in making provision for the temporal wants of ourselves and those dependent upon us, let us never forget that we have immortal spirits, to make due provision for which ought assuredly to be the grand concern of this short and uncertain life. Let each one ask himself the question, shall I be the next? and let us all "so number our days, that we may be led to apply our hearts unto wisdom."

SUDDEN DEATH.—During a heavy gale which blew from the south-west on the morning of New Year's Day, a large fir tree in the rear of the city was blown down, falling across one corner of a cabin in which there were several men; and as it happened about 5 o'clock they were all asleep at the time. Two, Robert Peterson and William Tomlinson, were sleeping in one bunk; and the latter, being nearest to the fatal corner, had his head bruised by the tree bringing one of the logs of the shanty upon it, causing almost instant death. His bedfellow narrowly escaped with a slight wound on the top of his head. Deceased was in the 24th year of his age, a native of Canada, and came to California in '59, and to this Colony in '62. His remains were followed to the grave on Friday by a considerable number of his countrymen, the Rev. E. White officiating.

ANOTHER SUDDEN DEATH.—It becomes our painful duty to chronicle another death under somewhat different, and, if possible, more startling circumstances than those connected with the death of poor Tomlinson. Mr. Wm. C. Morrison, a young gentleman who has been for some time employed as Clerk to the Attorney General, and who, with a younger brother, occupied rooms off the Registry office, was found dead in his bed on Sunday morning. An inquest was held by C. Brown, Esq., on Monday. Dr. Jones having been duly sworn, said: "I first saw deceased between 8 and 9 o'clock yesterday morning. His brother called upon me and stated that he feared his brother was dead, as he was a very queer color. I went over and found he had been dead for some time, probably 8 or 9 hours. I have made a post mortem examination, and find that he died of disease of the heart; one of the large arteries having burst, and discharging the blood into the right lung, caused immediate suffocation. The disease must have been of long standing." The jury at once found that the deceased came to his death from "natural causes." Mr. Morrison was of a good English family, possessed of large property at one time on the Island of Jamaica. He came to Victoria in '59, and removed to this city last spring, where, by his gentlemanly deportment and amiable disposition he endeared himself to a large circle of friends, who now deeply mourn their sudden bereavement. The funeral took place yesterday at 11 o'clock, a. m., attended by a very large concourse of people, including a large number of the Royal Engineers. The Rev. J. Sheepshanks, Rector of Holy Trinity, of which Church deceased was a member, officiated.

ANOTHER SMILE.—It becomes our melancholy duty to announce another sudden death—the third within the short space of six days. William Kneale, who has been for some time occupied at Mr. Homer's Mill, while putting the land upon the large fly wheel yesterday morning, it would seem, slipped, and his head coming in contact with the wheel, was instantly killed. Deceased was 29 years of age, a native of the Isle of Man, and late of Doncaster, Canada West.

POPULAR AMUSEMENTS.—We were favored with a rather superabundant supply in this line during the holidays. Two companies, "Dr. Stanley's Serenaders" and the "American Sable Knights" came up by the Enterprise on Tuesday evening. The former performed three nights in the Hayack Hall to tolerably good houses. This company is newly organized, and contains a considerable amount of musical and comic talent. The manager, Mr. Stanley, possesses a superior bass voice, and sings very well; Mr. Murphy has an excellent tenor voice, which, however, was somewhat out of tune while he was here. Altogether this Company, considering it is composed of amateurs, made a very creditable debut here, and, with practice, promises to be an acquisition to the Operatic staff of these Colonies. There is, however, one feature of their performances to which we feel it our duty to take most decided exception, viz., the introduction of indecent jokes and plays. And this is an error which, in the case of this troupe, is aggravated by the announcement upon their bills that "nothing will be said to offend the most fastidious." Now we are not given to prudery, nor are we actuated by personal feelings in pointing out this error in the case of this particular troupe. We found Mr. Stanley both agreeable and liberal. But no considerations of this sort can be permitted to stand in the way of the discharge of a duty we owe to the public. The error of the present day—an error which now exercises a blighting influence upon the drama—seems to be for players to attempt to make up for a deficiency in talent by pandering to the baser passions of humanity; and to such an extent has this been indulged in that the more respectable classes have become accustomed to look upon the entire profession with suspicion, and it has become a serious question whether, upon the simple ground of morality, the drama should be supported. This most reprehensible expedient may for a time succeed in attracting a certain class of patronage; but it is not only degrading the profession and bringing it into disrepute, but will ultimately fail to ensure that pecuniary success, for the attainment of which the respectability of the drama has been basely bartered.

THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN PIONEER ASSOCIATION.—At an adjourned meeting on Saturday evening the Committee appointed for that purpose reported a Constitution and By-Laws which were, with a few slight amendments, adopted. After appointing a Committee to prepare designs for a seal, the meeting was adjourned till Wednesday (this) evening at 7 o'clock in the Hayack Hall when it is desirable there should be a full attendance of all those eligible as original or charter members, i. e., those who came to this Colony prior to the 31st December, 1859, as the officers for the year are to be elected, and only those who subscribe to the Constitution and pay the initiatory fee of one dollar will have a vote in this election. For the information of such as may not have been present at either of the preliminary meetings it may be well to state that the objects of the association are to draw together in fraternal unity the pioneers of this country, to aid the sick and destitute, to bury the dead, and to keep a complete record of remarkable events and discoveries from the first discovery of gold, together with important statistical and other information, as well as to collect specimens of geological formations, natural history and botany, &c. &c. The Constitution and By-Laws will exclude every thing of an immoral character and exact the strictest order. We think this association is formed upon a basis which will commend itself to the favorable consideration of all; and, if properly conducted, will prove of great benefit not only to the members of it, but to the country at large. And as there is certainly some honor attached to being a charter member of such an association, it is earnestly to be hoped the pioneers will be well represented at the meeting this evening.

THE WESLEYAN TEA MEETING. announced in our last, came off on the evening of New Year's day. The attendance, considering the season, was good, and the music and edifying were excellent, but we regret we cannot say as much for the speeches. The result financially was, we believe, pretty satisfactory.

NEW WESTMINSTER DEBATING SOCIETY.—This Society will meet in the Town Hall on Friday evening at 7 o'clock, and as the officers for the ensuing term are to be elected, it is desirable there should be a full attendance of members.

New Advertisements.

ST. ANDREW'S SOCIETY.

"Don't an' devie le his
Wha'er denies a brother's
We help him to share a groat,
If he has to spare o't."

A MEETING OF THE ST. ANDREW'S SOCIETY OF NEW WESTMINSTER will be held in HARRIS'S HOTEL on TUESDAY, the 13th of January, at 7 o'clock, p. m. DAVID RAMAGE, Secy.
New Westminster, Jan. 6, 1863. j-7 2in

Dissolution.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the business heretofore conducted by SAMUEL GOLDSTONE and MOSES SPORBOURG, under the firm of SPORBOURG & GOLDSTONE, was dissolved on the 12th day of December, 1862. The business will hereafter be carried on in the name of SAMUEL GOLDSTONE, who will pay all the liabilities of the late firm. Mr. Goldstone is alone authorized to collect and receipt for all accounts due to the late firm.
SAML. GOLDSTONE.
M. SPORBOURG.
Victoria, December 23, 1862. j-7 1m

E. STEVENSON, M. D., Licentiate Canada.

HAVING arrived via Overland Route, begs to acquaint the inhabitants of New Westminster that he has established himself for practice in their City. Office, in the building lately occupied by Barnard's Express.
New Westminster, Oct. 29, 1862. not

New Boot and Shoe Shop

MARY STREET, OPPOSITE THE TREASURY.
Boots and Shoes made and repaired.
W. WOODMAN.
New Westminster Feb. 1861. j-12 1m

New Advertisements.

Municipal Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given to owners of Lots in the Ten Chans, that the timber must be cut down on their Lots on or before the 30th January, 1863, otherwise the timber will be cut down by the Council at the expense of the owners.

By order,
VALENTINE HALL,
Town Clerk.
New Westminster, Dec. 30, 1862. d31

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED having purchased of William H. Woodcock the Stock and Store at New Westminster, wishes to inform the Public that he will keep on hand for sale an assortment of

Wines, Brandies, Spirits, &c.,
and will furnish them at VICTORIA PRICES and CHARGES.
L. HOYT.
d20 1c

Coal Oil and Camphene,

AND AN ASSORTMENT OF
COAL OIL LAMPS!
FOR SALE BY
M. J. BLACKMAN.
d20

Wm. Gillett, LINEN & WOOLEN DRAPER!

(In the building lately occupied by the Bank of British Columbia.)
BEGS TO CALL the attention of the public generally to an inspection of his new stock of
Drapery Goods,
consisting of

FRENCH & ENGLISH SILKS,
SHAWLS AND MANTLES,
PRINTS, CALICOES, MUSLINS,
MILLINERY, HOSIERY & GLOVES,
GENTS' CLOTHING, HATS AND CAPS.
N. B.—Millinery and Mantles made to order. Wedding orders executed on short notice.

FAMILY MOURNING.

NO CREDIT—CONSEQUENTLY—LOW PRICES.
New Westminster, Dec. 13th, 1862. d13

S. T. TILLEY, BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,

COLUMBIA STREET,
NEW WESTMINSTER.

IS IMPORTING by nearly every steamer from San Francisco and Victoria, an assortment of

English and American Novels,
Bound Books, comprising all the Standard Works,

POETRY AND FICTION,
a fine assortment of
Family and Small Pocket Bibles.

Wesleyan Hymn and Presbyterian Psalm Books,
Catholic and Church of England Prayer and Hymn Books.

STATIONERY.

Blank Cards of every description and color. Foolscap, Folio Post, Letter and Note Paper of every size and quality, all sizes and colors of Envelopes to suit the various descriptions of paper.

Memorandum and Blank Books,
Consisting of Metallic Note-Books, Pass and Cargo Books, Tune Books, Truck Memorandums, of all kinds and sizes, Ledgers, Journals, Cash and Day Books, full and half bound, Red, Blue, Black, and Indelible Inks, in bottles of all sizes, Steel and Quill Pens, Sealingwax, of all colors, Sais, Red Tapes, and

Every other Article in the Stationery Line.

Musical Instruments,

(DIRECT FROM SAN FRANCISCO.)
Guitars, Banjos, Violins, Accordions, Flutinas, Clarionets, Plates, etc., etc.

Newspapers and Periodicals.

The latest Newspapers of the day received from all parts of the world, if required. All British and American Reviews, Magazines, Periodicals, and New Novels, by the best Authors, received by every steamer.

Maps, Plans, &c.

Plans of all the Cities and Towns on the Fraser River, Maps of Cariboo and the whole country West of the Rocky Mountains.

All of the above will be sold at Victoria prices, with the duties added.
Orders from the Upper Country punctually attended to.
Orders for articles not in Stock, can be obtained with the utmost dispatch.
S. T. TILLEY,
Colonial Book Store.
New Westminster, July 8th, 1862. j-9

BONDED WAREHOUSE.

500 Tons Storage.
THE NEW FIRE-PROOF BRICK WAREHOUSE, in Lytton Square, New Westminster, has been declared by the Government to be a Bonded Warehouse on and after this date.

Merchants and Shippers to British Columbia, who wish to store merchandise in bond or duty free, are notified that 500 tons can be stored in the New Brick Warehouse.
HARRIS & CO.
New Westminster, October 28, 1861. n-7 6m

MILK.

THE SUBSCRIBER would inform his customers, and the public, that he will continue regularly to supply the city during the summer season with new milk of the best quality.
S. W. HERRING.
Herring's Rancho, 2nd July, 1862. j-5 1f

New Advertisements.

FIRE ARMS!

Guns, Revolvers and
FIRE ARMS
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION
Cleaned and Repaired.

GUN SMITH,
on Columbia Street, opposite Mr. Holbrook's Store, where he is prepared to execute with neatness and dispatch any work in his line.
Orders from the Interior will at all times receive prompt attention, and charges will be moderate.
ROBERT GAWLEY.
New Westminster, Dec. 8, 1862. d10 1c

J. LYONS,

WATCH AND CLOCK MAKER,
NEXT DOOR TO THE OTTAWA MARKET,
COLUMBIA STREET,
NEW WESTMINSTER.
Watches and Clocks Cleaned and Repaired.
Jewelry neatly Repaired.
Orders from the Interior will receive prompt attention. n-8

R. HANNAH

BEGS leave to call the attention of the inhabitants of New Westminster and the Public generally to his new and well selected stock of

Groceries
AND
PROVISIONS,
Lamps, Coal Oil, Fruits, &c.,
all of which he offers

CHEAP FOR CASH.
Columbia street, next door to S. T. Tilley's Book Store.
New Westminster, Nov. 25th, 1862. 1f

Columbia Hotel.

THE UNDERSIGNED, wishing to return thanks to his Friends and the Public generally, for their patronage during the past year, takes this opportunity to inform them that he intends to re-open his Bar on THURSDAY, the 4th inst., where will be always found

The Best Liquors, Ales, Wines and Cigars.
H. BURN.
New Westminster, 2nd December, 1862. d3 1c

W. GRIEVE,

Tailor and Clothier,
Two Doors East of the Colonial Hotel,
Columbia Street.
ALL ORDERS entrusted to his care promptly attended to, and work finished in the latest style. d3

OTTAWA MARKET.

SIGN OF THE OX.
MESSRS. FLOOR and BROWNLEE beg to announce to the inhabitants of New Westminster that they have opened a

NEW MEAT SHOP

next door to Mr. W. J. Armstrong's General Store, Columbia Street, and are prepared to supply every article in the

Meat and Vegetable
trade; and will endeavor by attention, promptitude and perseverance, to merit public confidence and patronage.
New Westminster, B. C., November 25th, 1862.

SMITH & MURRAY

BEG LEAVE to call the attention of their friends and the public to the

CAREFULLY SELECTED STOCK
OF
FAMILY GROCERIES

which they have just opened, and which they are prepared to sell at the
Lowest Possible Prices,
FOR CASH.
SMITH & MURRAY,
Columbia Street, New Westminster.

R. P. MEAD,

Sign, Fancy and
ORNAMENTAL PAINTER.
NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

Transparencies, Shades and Screens
PAINTED TO ORDER AND WITH DISPATCH.
Up-country orders solicited.
Office, on Columbia Street.
New Westminster, December 8th, 1862. d10 1c

MACDONALD'S UNION HOTEL.

THE PROPRIETOR has just enlarged and finished in good style the above House, and hopes by strict attention to business, and the comfort of guests, to merit a share of the travelling community.

Private Rooms

fitted up with all the
LATEST IMPROVEMENTS.
Douglas, B. C., August 12th, 1862. 1c

New Advertisements.

COLONIAL HOTEL, NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

Messrs. Grelley Brothers
Have added to their comfortable

Hotel and Restaurant, Billiard Saloon,

In which will always be found the best
DRINKS AND CIGARS.

In connection with the above they have opened a Store stocked with the choicest Brands of

WINE, ALES, PORTER,
BRANDIES, RUM,
CIDER, SYRUPS, &c.,
CORDIALS, BITTERS, &c.,
which they will sell by the bottle, gallon, or in case.

— ALSO —
**THE BEST BRANDS OF
CIGARS,**
Havana, Manila and Chereoot.
New Westminster, July 18, 1862. j-13

NOTICE.

BALLOU'S EXPRESS.
I HAVE this day sold to Messrs. GEORGE DIETZ and HUGH NELSON all my right, title, interest, and good-will in the above Express from Lillooet Flat, Douglas, Yale, Hope, via New Westminster to Victoria. W. T. BALLOU.
New Westminster, October 1st, 1862.

NOTICE.

MESSRS. DIETZ & NELSON having purchased the above business, Notice is hereby given that I have this day withdrawn in their favor, connecting with them at Yale and Lillooet, from which points I will continue to carry the Express to Cariboo and the Northern Mines, as heretofore.
W. T. BALLOU.
New Westminster, October 15th, 1862.

NOTICE.

IN reference to the above notices the undersigned beg to state that they will hereafter conduct the Express Business in all its branches, between Victoria, Y. I. and Lillooet and Yale, B. C., under the name of DIETZ & NELSON'S British Columbia and Victoria Express, connecting with Wells, Fargo & Co., for California, Eastern States and Europe.
GEORGE DIETZ,
HUGH NELSON.
Victoria, October 24th, 1862. not

J. A. Webster,

Has just Received
A Splendid stock of WINTER GOODS,
Ready Made Clothing,
&c., &c., &c.

ALSO,

SILKS, Poplins, Cashmeres, Be Reges, Organdies, Princettas, Lawns, Brilliantes, Mohairs, Madonnas, D'Laimes, Worsted and Dress Goods of every description. A very large selection of

HOYLE'S ENGLISH PRINTS,

Cashmere, Chenille, Woollen and Tweed Scarfs and Square Shawls, Cloth, Tweed, Black and Colored Vests, fashionable styles, Black Silk and Lace Handkerchiefs, Penelope, Victoria and Eugenie Collars, Laces, Embroideries and Ruffings, all widths. An assortment of

Ladies', Gents', Misses', and Children's
HOSIERY.
Habits, Lisle Thread, Silk, Kid and Fawn Gloves and Gauntlets, Damasks, Linens, Hosiopolis, Towelling, Sheetings, Ticks, Shirtings, Flannels, in great variety.

Curtains and Curtain Fixtures.

EX "SPEEDY" FROM LONDON.
English Clothing,
Embracing Tweed Suits, Tweed and Cassimere Suits and Frack Coats, Tweed and Cassimere Pants and Vests, Alpaca, Silk and Mohair Coats, Linen Coats and Pants.

ENGLISH STRAW HATS,

Garibaldi, white and colored, and Albert Mowing Hats, Felt and Cassimere Hats, late styles.

BOOTS & SHOES.

English Balmoral and Watertight Boots,
" Blucher and Oxford Shoes,
" Nail Nipoleon Mining Boots,
" Riding Boots,
" Calf, Carpet and Morocco Slippers,
Lad's, Miss's and Infant's Boots and Shoes, of every size and description,
Ladies' Elastic Boots, Side Lace and Balmoral,
" French Dress Calf Sewed Boots,
" Calf and Enamelled Gaiter Boots.

Balmoral Skirts, Hoop Skirts, at all prices.
Ladies' Velvet, Beartree, Mushroom, Turban and Jockey Hats, in Felt, Straw and Hosiopolis.
Children's Hats and Turbans, all sizes.
FLOOR OIL CLOTHS, 1 1/2, 2, 2 1/2 yards wide, Table Oil Cloths.

WALL-PAPER, &c., and a host of Goods too numerous to mention, which are opened and ready for inspection, at
J. A. WEBSTER'S,
Columbia Street.

Rubber Blankets, Rubber Boots, White, Green, Blue and Red Blankets, Overshirts, Pants, and Miners' Outfits, at
J. A. WEBSTER'S,
Columbia Street, New Westminster,
New Westminster, November 7, 1862. not

Important to toria, Califor on the Sound

This Journal is the only one read by every one in the Rocky Mountains, and this Colony. W. F. H. Francisco, are our authors.

The Br

NEW WESTMINSTER

A HISTORY OF THE
CLUING AN ACCO
VS. CHANFORD.

A general out
given in the last
with the evidence
questions which
a large part of
his charge.

Judge Begbie
ledge that a part
had not been pro
the plaintiff's cau
charge on the fac
been employed by
ed great zeal and
ness, and had, y
quence, that he m
bie ruled that J. I
unconsciously, ha
with R. Cranford,
Judge Begbie was
in this matter of
some-what strain
what he meant; y
found his illustra
The point which
was to convince t
J. P. Cranford ha
he had taken in th
as a partner; and
intellect the Judge

"Suppose, for ex
Wells & Fargo, i
when I call there
business with Mr
course of business
that firm, 'I do n
use Wells & Farg
door of their esta

There were an
ed Judge some w
this illustration
have been sued
door was R. Cra
feet long, and th
store was opene

Now, this mi
one who had cre
to having com
justice, or show
the jury to sup
such a claim, w
was before J. P.
and when he wa
agreement that
tor of the busine
bie manifested
Wright, his cha
ed the whole tri
—one more inst
ford, Jr., was ad
affidavit, on wh
affirmed that it
must have know
it. Wright, in
ford and J. Cra
goods sold and a
amount were de
namely, freight
Cranford, and a
"Men make su
OUT READING THE
to impute a fals
words, the Jud
as this was evi
were made by a
being read, and
careless men w
reading them, t
do as well as if
remain in prison

The costs of t
\$800 and \$900—
sending a messag
J. P. Cranford,
O'Reilly for sen
paid all his own
bought a horse.
he rode one day
that night he st
found. From A
own horse. In
charged for in t
one day and has
In consequen
state of the juil
Deputy Sheriff
after the Craul
fords were forc
amounting to \$
to come down
they not only s
stable's expens
them, but it w
would be allow
pay \$20 toward
expenses for b
which, as a ma
to the Govern
amount is trifli
fords so incove
that they men
it may concern
mand by the or
Judge at Lilloo
Supreme Court
the Sheriff sol
lovet, his fees,
that, in all, th
the Cranfords
over \$1,500, y
wrong, and lo
have grown on
ford's merchan
The Cranfo
just that they
strong reasons
was in direct c
that the jury h

THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN.

Important to Business Men in Victoria, California, Portland, and Places on the Sound!

This Journal is the only newspaper published in British Columbia, and is read by every business man from New Westminster to the Rocky Mountains, and is unrivalled as an advertising medium for the Colony. W. F. HARRIS, of Victoria, and T. H. JONES, of San Francisco, are our authorized Agents.

The British Columbian.

NEW WESTMINSTER, WEDNESDAY, JAN. 7.

A HISTORY OF THE WRONGS OF THE CRANFORDS, INCLUDING AN ACCOUNT OF THE TWO SUITS, — WRIGHT VS. CRANFORD, AND CRANFORD VS. WRIGHT: —

A general outline of the trial at Lillooet was given in the last two numbers of this Journal, with the evidence which had been given on the questions which the Judge submitted to the jury, a large part of which Judge Begbie ignored in his charge.

Judge Begbie could not but feel and acknowledge that a partnership between the Cranfords had not been proved; but he ingeniously helped the plaintiff's cause by laying great stress in his charge on the fact that after J. P. Cranford had been employed by R. Cranford, Jr., he manifested great zeal and energy in conducting the business, and had given the impression, in consequence, that he might be a partner. Judge Begbie ruled that J. P. Cranford might in this way, unconsciously, have made himself a co-contractor with R. Cranford, Jr., and so instructed the jury. Judge Begbie was very elaborate in his remarks in this matter of liability as co-contractor, and somewhat strained after illustrations to show what he meant; but once, at least, his Lordship found his illustration did not serve his purpose.

The point which the learned Judge had at heart was to convince the jury and the Cranfords that J. P. Cranford had, by the prominent position he had taken in the business, made himself liable as a partner; and by a peculiar process of his intellect the Judge tried to prove it as follows: "Suppose, for example, I have business with Wells & Fargo, in Victoria. I do not meet them when I call there, but I meet and transact my business with Mr. Prendergast. Now, if, in the course of business, I should have occasion to sue that firm, I do not sue Mr. Prendergast, but I sue Wells & Fargo, whose names I find over the door of their establishment."

There were among those who heard the learned Judge some who thought that, according to this illustration, R. Cranford, Jr., only should have been sued by Wright, for the sign over his door was R. Cranford, Jr., only, in letters two feet long, and had been there from the time the store was opened until the day of trial.

Now, this might have been pleaded by any one who had credited R. C. Jr., subsequently to having come to such a conviction; but what justice, or show of justice, was there in leading the jury to suppose that Wright could set up such a claim, when the credit which he gave was before J. P. C. was employed by R. C. Jr., and when he was told at the time he made the agreement that R. C. Jr., was the only proprietor of the business? It was thus that Judge Begbie manifested that protective partiality for Wright, his character and his suit, which marked the whole trial from the beginning to its close, — one more instance follows: When R. Cranford, Jr., was addressing the jury he read Wright's affidavit, on which the capias was granted, and affirmed that it was untrue, and that Wright must have known it to be so when he swore to it. Wright, in this affidavit, swore that R. Cranford and J. Cranford owed him £1719 15s. for goods sold and delivered, when actually, if that amount were due, it was for something else, namely, freight. The Judge interrupted Mr. Cranford, and apologized for Wright in this wise: "Men make SHEAVES OF AFFIDAVITS, OFTEN WITHOUT READING THEM, and therefore, you ought not to impute a false oath to Mr. Wright." In other words, the Judge's logic was as follows: That as this was evidently one of those affidavits which were made by the sheaf and sworn to without being read, and as Mr. Wright was one of those careless men who swore to his affidavits without reading them, therefore, although false, it should do as well as if true, and the Cranfords should remain in prison, etc., all the same.

The costs of the suit at Lillooet were between \$800 and \$900 — \$150 of this was charged for sending a messenger to Williams Creek, after J. P. Cranford, and \$460 was charged by Sheriff O'Reilly for sending him down, although J. P. C. paid all his own private expenses. The Sheriff bought a horse for his use at Cottonwood, which he rode one day, to the Mouth of Quesnelle, but that night he strayed away and could not be found. From Alexandria Mr. C. furnished his own horse. In the Sheriff's bill the horse is charged for in full, although he only rode him one day and has never seen him since.

In consequence of the insecurity and wretched state of the jail accommodations at Lillooet, the Deputy Sheriff hired a special constable to look after the Cranfords; but, in the end, the Cranfords were forced to pay for his services also, amounting to \$208. And when they were ready to come down from Lillooet to New Westminster, they not only were obliged to pay the special constable's expenses, who was to come down with them, but it was also stipulated that before they would be allowed to leave Lillooet they must pay \$20 towards defraying Deputy Sheriff Reed's expenses for bringing down the criminal Dunn — expenses which, as a matter of course, ought to be a charge which, as a matter of course, ought to be a charge to the Government, and no doubt was. This amount is trifling, but it appeared to the Cranfords so inconceivably mean, or so like an extortion, that they mention it for the benefit of all whom it may concern. Mr. Reed said he made this Court demand by the order of Mr. Elliott, County Court Judge at Lillooet, and Deputy Registrar of the Supreme Court of British Columbia. Then, when the Sheriff sold the stock of merchandise at Lillooet, his fees, &c., amounted to about \$370, so that, in all, the costs and expenses imposed upon the Cranfords by this trial at Lillooet amount to over \$1,500, which must be added to the other wrongs and losses inflicted on them, all of which have grown out of Wright's detention of Cranford's merchandise.

The Cranfords felt that the verdict was so unjust that they asked for a new trial, and urged strong reasons, among others, that the verdict was in direct contravention of the weight of evidence, that the jury had not been bolted for according to

the English practice, and that the jury had been guilty of grave misconduct. In support of the latter allegation the affidavits of Walter Fenton and W. Chadwick were offered, which stated that one of the jurors had told them that he was sorry he had agreed to the verdict, that he had done wrong, and that he could not sleep in consequence; that in the jury room he had been persuaded by another of the jurors — Edmondson, of Lillooet — to throw aside the evidence and listen to him, who told them something he had heard outside, that had not been given as evidence at all, and to which, of course, the Cranfords had had no chance of replying; and that, on this statement of this juror, he had concurred to the verdict. These affidavits were very strong — the Judge, read one of them to himself, but would not allow them to be read in court. In a word: Judge Begbie overruled every point and reason which was urged, and refused to grant a new trial.

So far the facts connected with the trial have exhibited financial injuries; in what follows, an injury of still deeper and graver importance shall be presented, namely, the ARREST AND IMPRISONMENT OF THE CRANFORDS.

If there be one cardinal right which a British subject, for his own sake, his children's sake, and the public good, is bound to maintain with all his might and soul and strength, it is his right to PERSONAL LIBERTY. He is bound to maintain this against tyranny; nor is he less bound to maintain it against the unjust administration of the law. If there be one single principle which has given glory and strength to British Institutions, more than another, and obtained for every Briton the respect of all people, it is this, united with the jealous care with which the slightest attempt at a violation of this right is watched and resented, or the slightest violation avenged.

The Cranfords are British subjects. They were unjustly imprisoned. If Judge Begbie can find law for it, it is bad law, and in direct contravention of the law of England. It cannot be that Judge Begbie, or Governor Douglas and his Council, can throw a part of the British Empire back into the middle ages. If the law upon which the Cranfords were imprisoned is to be understood as Judge Begbie construes it, then it cannot stand — it must be repealed. For, according to that law, every man in the land who owes \$100, or over, can be imprisoned on any capias of his creditor. Nothing more need be said to exhibit the stupidity of the law, if this construction be legitimate; or, if the law ought not to be so interpreted, nothing more need be said as to the stupidity which could so construe it.

The serious attention of every one who has a thoughtful regard for his own, and the Colonial welfare, is invited to the following facts: Mr. A. C. Elliott, County Court Judge at Lillooet, issued a capias, *ad respondendum*, for the arrest of the Cranfords, on grounds which would be insufficient in England, and, as they believe, in every other colony of England, to cause it to be issued. In England a capias *ad respondendum* is not granted for any cause less than a positive declaration, on oath, by the creditor, that the debtor is about to abscond, and that thereby the creditor is likely to lose his debt. Now, mark the difference between British and British Columbia. The following is a copy of G. B. Wright's affidavit on which the capias was issued: —

(Copy.)
In the Supreme Court of Civil Justice of British Columbia.

Between G. B. Wright, Plaintiff;
and R. & J. Cranford, Defendants.

I, G. B. Wright, Merchant of British Columbia, make oath and say:

I. That the defendants, R. & J. Cranford, are indebted to me in the sum of £1719 15s. 3d. for goods sold and delivered to said defendants.

II. I further say that I did cause on this 8th day of September, 1862, a writ of summons to be sued out of this honorable Court in this action, at the suit of me the said G. B. Wright against said R. & J. Cranford.

(Signed) G. B. WRIGHT.

Sworn before me, at Lillooet, this 8th day of Sept., A. D. 1862.

(Signed) A. C. ELLIOTT, J. P.,
County Court Judge

I certify the above to be a true copy of the affidavit of G. B. Wright.

A. C. ELLIOTT,
Deputy Registrar Supreme Court.

There is the whole affidavit, every word of it — a simple declaration of indebtedness, without a word of intimation that the Cranfords were about to abscond; or dreamt of it; and yet, on this only, Mr. Elliott orders the issue of a capias for their arrest and imprisonment, and on it they were kept in custody, one of them 84 days, and the other 66 days.

And, when a motion was made in the Supreme Court for their release on the ground of the illegality of the arrest, and the insufficiency of Wright's affidavit, Judge Begbie ruled that Elliott was right, and that Wright's simple declaration of indebtedness was quite sufficient.

When it was pointed out to Judge Begbie that this was giving a power to a County Court Judge, which the Judge of the Supreme Court himself could not exercise, he frankly admitted that such was the fact; and maintained that Elliott, though only a Deputy Registrar in the Supreme Court, had still a power as County Court Judge, in cases like the present, entirely superior to his own.

Elliott assumed that he had the power to issue the capias from a single clause or section of the "British Columbian Small Debts Act." The material portion of that Act is as follows:

Preamble.
Whereas it is expedient to afford a clear and speedy method of recovering small debts and demands in British Columbia.

Now, therefore, &c.

I. Every person whom I may from time to time hereafter commission to act as a County Court Judge in British Columbia, shall from the date of his commission, be authorised and empowered to hear and determine all personal pleas and all actions of tort cognizable by the County Courts of England in manner hereafter mentioned.

III. The amount recoverable before any County Court Judge in British Columbia, shall not exceed the sum of £50.

VII. The County Court Judge shall have a power of granting a capias *ad respondendum*, in

all cases of debt of the amount of £20 or upwards. X. This Act may be cited, for all purposes, as the "British Columbian Small Debts Act, 1859."

The Cranfords asked that the arrest be set aside, on the ground that Elliott had exceeded the authority which this act gives him. Sec. 3d limits his jurisdiction to sums of £50, "which he shall not exceed." The preamble and citation clause allude to nothing else than small debts. Sec. 3 defines what small debts are, and Sec. 7 gives the County Court Judge the speedy method for the collection of small debts, which is the chief object of the act, — viz: the power to issue a capias in cases of debt of £20 to £50. Such appears to be the obvious sense and intent of the act, and so the Cranfords urged. Judge Begbie ruled to the contrary however, and sustained Mr. Elliott. The logical process by which the learned Judge arrived at this conclusion must be as follows:

It is expedient to afford a speedy method of recovering small debts of under £50. The issuing of a capias is a speedy method; therefore County Court Judges may issue capias for large debts; and Elliott is justified in issuing this against the Cranfords for £1719. A learned Judge!

It was also urged before Judge Begbie that, according to an order of his own, published in the *British Columbian* newspaper, Elliott ought to have refused to grant the capias. The following is part of the order referred to, is dated from Quesnelle Mouth, 25th July, 1862, and appeared in some August number of the paper:

In the Supreme Court of Civil Justice of British Columbia.
General Order.

"From and after the date hereof, the Rules and practice of all proceedings in this Court shall, as nearly as may be, conform to the rules and practice of the Superior Courts of common Law and Equity in England, and any General Order of this Court inconsistent therewith is hereby discharged."

The English practice would require Elliott to have refused the capias on Wright's affidavit merely alleging debt. Now the "British Columbian Small Debts Act" contains no clause annulling the English practice as to the ground upon which a capias may issue; therefore the English practice should have been followed, according to Judge Begbie's own rule or order. Yet Judge Begbie ruled that Elliott was not required to follow the English practice, and justified Elliott, though he had violated his (Judge Begbie's) own order.

Another wrong which the Cranfords complained of, was, that the bail required by Elliott or the Sheriff was excessive, being for twice the amount of the debt claimed by Wright. As the Cranfords are advised, and believe, the English practice requires bail to the amount claimed, and £10 for costs, and forbids more; but Judge Begbie, again sustained Elliott, and ruled, that in order to be released from jail, the Cranfords must find bail for twice the amount of Wright's claim.

A very peculiar circumstance connected with the above requires notice here. When R. Cranford, Jr., was arrested, he asked to see the "Order of Court" on which the capias had been granted; but the Sheriff could not, or would not show the order. When the Cranfords moved to set aside the capias, etc., before Judge Begbie, 37 days after the first arrest, they pleaded that the capias had been issued by Elliott without an Order from the Court, for up to that day, although it had been asked for several times, it had not been shown. At this point in the proceedings a paper was produced, purporting to be the Order, of which the following is a correct copy: (Copy.)

In the Supreme Court of Civil Justice of British Columbia. Between G. B. Wright, Plaintiff, and R. & J. Cranford, Defendants, upon application made to me this eighth day of September, 1862, by Gustavus B. Wright — I do order that the Plaintiff be at liberty to issue out of Her Majesty's Supreme Court of Civil Justice in British Columbia one or more writs or writs of capias, as the case may require, against Robert and J. Cranford, defendants in this cause, endorsed to hold them to bail for £2500 pursuant to the statute dated the 8th day of September, A. D. 1862.

A. C. ELLIOTT, J. P.,
Judge of the County Court of British Columbia, holden at Lillooet.

The first point to be noticed in this order is, that it authorizes a writ of capias to issue, endorsed to hold Robert and J. Cranford to bail for £2500, whereas the writ itself requires bail for £2438, or twice the amount of Wright's claim. If then this order was in the Sheriff's hands when he was making out the writ, how did it happen that he filled up the writ, requiring bail for £3428, when the order, upon which he issued the writ, commanded him to require only £2500 bail. The second point deserving attention is that this "order" purports to be issued out of the Supreme Court; not by Matthew B. Begbie, Judge of the Supreme Court, but by A. C. Elliott, Judge of the County Court of British Columbia, holden at Lillooet. By what authority does Elliott issue writs of capias out of the Supreme Court? Elliott and Judge Begbie both maintained that Elliott as County Court Judge was authorized to issue writs of capias by Sec. 7 of the British Columbian Small Debts Act; but if so, it must be as County Court Judge, and out of the County Court, for there is no syllable in the act authorizing a County Court Judge to issue a capias out of the Supreme Court. The question is repeated. By what authority then did Elliott, as County Court Judge, order this writ of capias to issue out of the Supreme Court?

It was useless to ask Judge Begbie the question; every act of Wright's and every act of Elliott's he justified; and no matter at what cost of consistency or justice, he shielded them from harm. Instead of meeting the Cranfords with a sincere desire to do them justice, and listening patiently to the reasons they urged for their release, he became petulant and sarcastic, asking them "if every law dotted and all the 't's' crossed," while they, in earnest, were trying to convince him how they had been wronged.

Such is a true statement of the different points which were urged as reasons why this false and injurious imprisonment should be set aside; and is a true account of how every point was over-

ruled. Out of all this mal-administration of the Law two facts are plain: — Justice was driven from that Court at Lillooet, and the BIRTHRIGHT OF BRITISH SUBJECTS TRAMPLED ON.

What security remains for personal liberty to the people of this Colony when such monstrous proceedings as these are upheld as valid by the highest functionary of the Law, from whose decisions there is no appeal; except, indeed, that Imperial and paternal government which, God be thanked, allows no wrong to go un-redressed, and no wrong-doer to go unrebuked.

Mr. Editor. — We have now concluded the account of the trial at Lillooet — not that we have given all the particulars which may deserve to be recorded, but that we fear to encroach too much upon your space. Inasmuch as a very complete report of the trial at New Westminster has been publishing in the *Colonist*, of Victoria, we do not consider it necessary to go so fully into the details of that trial as we should otherwise.

With sincere thanks for the opportunity you have afforded us to make known our wrongs, We remain, sir, Your's truly,

J. P. CRANFORD,
R. CRANFORD, JR.
New Westminster Jail, Jan. 6, 1863.

PARABLE OF THE BEEHIVE.
We take the following from the *Victoria Chron* icle, leaving our readers to make the application, which recent events will render simple enough:

"There is a little island, and on that island there is a lot of bees, and the bees have got a Queen, who is good and kind, and whom everybody loves and respects. But the beehive, like all other beehives, often gets crowded with too many bees, and then the young and strong bees fly out of the old hive and go far away into the woods and make a new hive. Then the good and kind Queen sends some old bees with the young ones, so, as she thinks, to govern well and wisely and administer justice. But it so happens that among the bees on that little island there is also, as in all hives, a kind of bee called the Drone. They are big bees, look strong, and have big legs, but very small heads and very little in them. These bees don't work, but live by stealing what the small bees gather up by their industry."

So it happened in one of the small beehives, far away from the good and kind Queen-bee, that such a drone was sent by mistake among them. He took the honey from the industrious bees, and when there was any dispute, which there often will be in a new beehive, this big bee would always side with the bee that had the most honey, for then he was sure to be well fed. But when the winter came, and snow and rain fell, the little bees said to themselves: Why should we support that Drone with the big legs and the little head with nothing in it? So they agreed to put him out of the hive, which they did, and there he lay dead — dead! There was no honey outside the hive, and when they went to bury him one of the small bees pointed to the big bee's hands. And lo! and behold! they were all covered over with something yellow. Some of the small bees said it was wax, but some of them said it was too hard for that, and that it must be gold.

MORAL: If you select bees, don't select the Drone or big bee." (Begbie.)

HEALTHFULNESS OF THE TOMATO. — Dr. Bennett writes as follows in regard to the properties of the tomato:

"First, that the tomato is one of the most powerful aperients of the liver and other organs; where colic is indicated, it is probably one of the most effective and least harmful remedial agents known to the profession. Second, that a chemical extract will be obtained from it that will supersede the use of calomel in the cure of disease. Third, that he has successfully treated diarrhoea with this article alone. Fourth, that when used as an article of diet it is almost sovereign for dyspepsia and indigestion. Fifth, that it should be constantly used for daily food; either cooked, raw, or in any form of catsup, it is the most healthy article now in use."

NEW WESTMINSTER TEMPERANCE SOCIETY. — The regular monthly meeting was held last evening, when a highly interesting lecture was delivered by Dr. Stevenson, to a large audience, resulting in the addition of 15 new members.

EXECUTED. — The Indian Tahak, who was sentenced at the recent assizes, was hanged yesterday morning in the rear of the Prison. There were very few spectators as the circumstance was not generally known.

To the Editor of the British Columbian.
DEAR SIR, — In the Bishop's lecture the other night he stated that the celebrated Alexandrian Library contained 700 volumes. It would seem from this that authorities widely differ. Can you inform us whether this is a disputed point among the learned, as some state the number to have been 700,000, or whether it was a mere *lapsus lingue* on the part of the learned lecturer.

Yours,
ENCIRLER.
New Westminster, Jan. 6th, 1863.

[We presume the latter is the proper explanation, as 700,000 is the correct number. — Ed.]

DIED.
In this city, on the 1st inst., William Tomlinson, late of Canada, in the 24th year of his age.

On the 4th inst., William Capel Morrison, Esq., of this city, in his 26th year.
Victoria papers please copy.

In this city, on the 6th inst., William Kneale, late of Doncaster, Canada West, in the 29th year of his age.

CHURCH NOTICES.
Holy Trinity Church, New Westminster. — Divine service on Sundays at 11 a.m., and in the evening at 7. And on Friday evenings at 7 o'clock. The last two pews on each side of the aisle reserved for strangers.

J. SHEPPARD, M. A., Rector.
G. KEMP, M. A.

Wesleyan Methodist Church. — Divine service is held in the Wesleyan Church, Mary-street, New Westminster, every Sabbath at 11 o'clock a.m., and 6½ o'clock p.m. Sabbath School at 2 o'clock in the afternoon. The first five pews on the south side are reserved for the military at morning service. Strangers provided with seats.

K. WARR, Pastor.
Residence, corner of Prevost and Mary-streets, near the Church.

New Advertisements.

THE Victoria Exchange Reading

NEWS ROOM

WILL BE OPENED ABOUT THE 25TH NONEMBER, INSTANT, in the large room specially building in MR. MATTHESEN'S New

ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL,
GOVERNMENT STREET,
BETWEEN YATES AND JOHNSON STREETS.

Newspapers and Magazines from all parts of the world. Mining information direct from Cariboo once a week. Shipping and Mercantile information. A separate room is destined for a Chess Room, &c., and a Smoking Room.

Annual subscription \$24 per annum, quarterly. Monthly do \$3 per month, in advance.

Subscription Lists are at Messrs. Hibben & Carswell's, Yates street, and at the London Hotel, corner Johnson and Broad streets.

H. F. HEISTERMAN,
Manager,
no29

FRESH ARRIVALS.

HENRY NATHAN

OFFERS FOR SALE,
Ex "Somass," from London.

BLANKETS, 2½ and 3 point, blue;
2½ and 3 do black;
2½ and 3 do scarlet;
2½ and 3 do white;

CLOTHING; Suits Jackets, Black and Fancy, Trowsers, Vests, Tunics, etc.

LADIES' BLK AND QUILTED PETTICOAT.

Ex "Thames," from London.

Drapery; Extra quality 4-4 fancy and plain all Wool Shawls, French wore Long Shawls, etc.; Gold Pins, Gold Braid, Tassels, Girdles, Rosettes, Silk and Velvet Trimmings, Madder Printed Handkerchiefs, Blk Silk Ribbon Velvets.

Gentlemen and Ladies' Side Saddles, extra quality Bridles, Bits, Whips, Curb Chains, etc., etc.

LIQUORS.

Martell's Pale Brandy, in 1 casks;
Hennessy's Pale Brandy, in 1 casks;
Jamaica Rum, 30 per cent O. P.;
Red Cases Geneva, J D K Z brand;

Champagne, in one doz. cases;
Duff Gordon's Pale Sherry, in 1 casks;
Duff Gordon's Golden Sherry, in 1 casks;
Port Wine, bottled in Oporto, extra quality;
Claret, in one doz. cases.

Ale, Allsopp's Pale;
Muir's Scotch;
Marzetti's;
Scotch Whiskey, in 1 doz. cases;
Ginger Brandy, do do

Old Tom, Scotch Whiskey, Liqueurs, Bitters, &c., &c.
GRIMBLE'S NO. 2 MALT VINEGAR.
Candles, Pickles, &c., &c.

A choice assortment of Men's Cotton, Merino and Fancy Half Hose.

Scarlet and Blue West of England Cloths;
Butchers' Knives, 4, 5, and 6 inch.

Iron Tea and Table Spoons;
Blue, Green, Red, Black, and Brown Gingham Umbrellas;

Table Knives and Forks, separate and in sets;
&c., &c., &c.

Ex "W. B. Scranton," from San Francisco.

Buckwheat,
Honey,
Corn Meal,
Oat Meal,
Split Peas,
Currants,
Soda,
Blue,
Pepper,
Corn Starch,
Oil,
Hams,

Tea, U.S. in diamond,
China Sugar,
Coffee,
Chicken Feed,
Potatoes,
Salt,
Vinegar,
Soaps,
Mustard,
Starch,
Blacking,
Lard,
Cheese.

Ex "Onward."
Java and Manila Coffee;
Batavia Rice, equal to Car;

Mauritius Sugar;
Tea, in small boxes.
East India Currie Powders.
Almonds, Raisins, Olives, Candles, &c., &c.

PAINTER & CO.,
Practical Printers, and Dealers in
Type, Presses, Printing Materials,
Ink, Paper, Cards, &c.,
510 Clay Street, above Sansome,
San Francisco.

J. B. PAINTER
J. M. PAINTER
T. P. PAINTER
ap18 ly

Offices fitted out with dispatch.

FRESH VEGETABLES.

THE SUBSCRIBER is now prepared to supply the City with Fresh Vegetables of all sorts, in season, at the most moderate rates.

S. W. HERRING.
Herring's Ranch, July 4th, 1862.

M. J. BLACKMAN,
MANUFACTURER OF
Tin, Copper, and Sheet Iron,
AND DEALER IN
Stoves, Tinware, Hardware, Crockery, and Glassware.

JOBING done in a neat manner, and with dispatch. LEADERS and GUTTERS made on short notice, and at reasonable prices.

New Westminster, April 26, 1862. ap30 1f

New Advertisements.

**THE DOCTOR FOR ALL
HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.**

CHEST COMPLAINTS.

No diseases are more frequent, few more dangerous, than affections of the respiratory organs. The first symptoms of asthma, bronchitis, and influenza, may be radically removed by Holloway's Pills. They quickly remedy any temporary stagnation of blood, relieve any overgrown veins, moderate the hurried breathing, and enable the lungs to do their office with ease and regularity. These Pills, by their purifying power, cleanse the blood from all impurities, and fortify the system against consumption, asthma, and similar complaints.

STOMACH, LIVER, KIDNEYS AND BOWELS.

From various causes these organs are frequently getting out of order, and require some suitable medicine to regulate them. Holloway's Pills effect this object with wonderful celerity and certainty. They do not distress the system, or weaken the organs. They gently excite the stomach and liver, stimulate the kidneys to perform their functions efficiently, and act upon the bowels without griping or any other annoyance; again, taken an hour before dinner, they cannot be equalled as a "Dinner Pill," as they entirely prevent acidity, flatulency, nausea, and biliousness.

SKIN OR WATERY DROPS.

Whoever is afflicted with these complaints, should at once have recourse to Holloway's Pills. They act most energetically on the glandular and absorbent system, purify the blood, and impart a vigorous action to other causes may have temporarily taken away. They excite the kidneys to increased activity, and thereby stimulate the absorbents to remove the fluid already collected.

DISORDERS PECULIAR TO WOMEN.

There is no medicine equal to Holloway's Pills for correcting the ailments incidental to females. They may be taken with safety for any irregularity of the system. As they remove all cause of malady, and so restore, by their grand purifying properties, females of all ages to robust health.

INFANTILE, DIPHTHERIA AND SORE THROAT.

How all-important it is to check the first departure from health! All may do so by taking Holloway's Pills, without risk or restriction. In all diseases affecting the blood, nerves, or muscles, or in cases of fever, sore throat, colds, coughs, asthma, and shortness of breath, the earlier they are taken the better.

CHILDREN'S COMPLAINTS.

Diseases incidental to children, such as feverish attacks, scarlet fever, measles, and all diseases of the skin, may be immediately checked, and soon cured, by these purifying Pills, which may be reduced to a powder, and given in doses of one, two, or three highly, according to the age of the sufferer. Holloway's Ointment is soothing, cooling, and healing, and is better adapted than any other remedy for all external ailments.

INDISTESTION, BILE AND SICK HEADACHES.

No organ in the human body is so liable to disorder as the liver, and none is more apt, when neglected, to become seriously diseased. When nausea, flatulency or acidity on the stomach, warns us that digestion is not proceeding properly, Holloway's Pills regulate every function, give strength to every organ, speedily remove all causes of indigestion, bile and sick headaches, and effect a permanent cure.

LUNGO, RHEUMATISM AND GOUT.

In these diseases the blood is always in a highly inflammatory state; the stomach is also disordered, and the liver and kidneys unnaturally tepid. A few doses of these Pills, taken in time, will rectify all these symptoms by their cooling and purifying properties.

Holloway's Pills are the best remedy known in the world for the following diseases:—

Ague	Female Irregularities	Retention of Urine
Asthma	Fever of all kinds	Scrofula, or King's Evil
Bilious Complaints	Fits	Sore Throats
Blotches on the skin	Gout	Stomach and Gravel
Bowel Complaints	Headache	Stomachic Symp-
Constipation of the bowels	Indigestion	Secondary Symp-
Consumption	Inflammation	Tumors
Debility	Jaundice	Ulcers
Dropsy	Liver Complaints	Venerable Affections
Erysipelas	Lung Disease	Worms of all kinds
	Piles	Weakness, from whatever cause, &c.
	Rheumatism	

Sold at the establishment of Professor Holloway, 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar) London, also by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in medicines throughout the civilized world, at the following prices:—1s. 1d., 2s. 6d., 4s. 6d., 11s., 22s., and 33s. each Box.

* * * There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box.

CURTIS & MOORE, and LANGLEY BROS., Agents.
Yates-st., Victoria, V. I. fe27 1y

**CITY BAKERY
—AND—
COFFEE SALOON.**

THE UNDERSIGNED begs to inform his friends, and the public generally, that he has removed to his new and commodious establishment on the Corner of Columbia and Hall Streets, where he hopes to receive from a generous and discriminating public an extended patronage, commensurate with his increased facilities for accommodating them.

Coffee, Tea, Chocolate, Pies and Cakes,

supplied at all hours, and at reduced rates.

Orders for WEDDINGS and PARTIES promptly attended to.

JAMES ALLAN.
New Westminster, Aug. 18, 1862. au23

SAFES! SAFES!

F. TILMAN,
90 Battery-street,
SAN FRANCISCO.

SOLE AGENT for Tilton & McFarland's celebrated Fire-proof and Burglar Safes. This safe is well known in the market for its unsurpassed fire-proof quality, having withstood in California, as well as in the East, the hottest fires known. We can refer to endless certificates from parties in our mining towns, where these safes have been subjected to the most severe tests of its fire-proof qualities. The safes are secured by our Combination Lock. This lock is in every respect the most secure one in use; it requires the key and combination to open the safe. If the key should be abstracted from the owner, it would be perfectly useless to the possessor without his knowledge of the combination, or mental key, which the owner carries in his head.

To those in want of a reliable safe we offer the above cheaper than any other in the market.

A large assortment on hand and to arrive.

F. TILMAN.
90 Battery st., San Francisco.

THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN.

The British Columbian.
NEW WESTMINSTER, WEDNESDAY, JAN. 7.

NEW YEAR'S ADDRESS —OF THE— "British Columbian" Carrier Boy.

My friends, and my patrons, once more I appear, Before you to wish you a "Happy New Year." And while time on his wing flies quickly away, May he bring many happy returns of the day.

And now since the New Year has come in at last, We'll take a short glimpse o'er the one that is past, And see what the world has been able to do, Within the short bounds of the year sixty-two.

In Europe, the countries with peace have been blest, Russia, France and Great Britain have all been at rest; But from Italy's shore there arises a wail, A lament for the hero now lying in jail.

With all he has suffered, and all he has fought, Is this what his true patriotism has bought? Ingratitude surely has now found its home, In the hearts of the people and rulers of Rome.

The American war still continues to rage, Within her bright history 'twill leave a dark page, That time nor good fortune can ever displace; And feelings that centuries will not erase.

We hope that the struggle may speedily cease, And may they be blest with the spirit of peace; That blessings and happiness with them may stay, Let the foul stain of slavery be driven away.

But we must move on with our surveying mission, And take a glance at the Great Exhibition; What was most admired, of course we all know, Was what British Columbia sent to the show.

The folks there all said, with wide open eyes, And faces the picture of perfect surprise: From British Columbia! bless me! I declare! I thought there was nothing but savages there!

But before very long the world shall be told, Of the wealth in our forests and mountains of gold; When this far-away land, where labor is blest, Shall shine o'er the sea like a star in the west.

There are some who have come to our country 'tis true, And toiled o'er the mountains to reach Cariboo; And suffered, and struggled, and struggled in vain, But courage, my lads, you must try it again.

There's a good time ahead for each one of you, Either up at Peace River or in Cariboo; And next New Year's day you'll have made such a pie, That you'll feel yourselves very well paid for your toil.

At present we are sunk in deep degradation, For want of respectable fair legislation; We're ruled by small tyrants, and treated with scorn, And used more like slaves than like true Britons born.

Just look at those scenes which we had to report, That took place a few days ago in our Court, Where the Judge in making his opening address, Made an awkward attempt to muzzle the press.

But that is a thing that he need never try, For the Editor down to the Carrier Boy Will all do their duty, and never will shrink, Whatever the Governor or Judges may think.

Any man who would try to swallow the press, And eat up two lawyers at one single mess, I'm sure as a Judge is not fit for such work, He should be made "King" "Mogul" or "Grand Turk!"

But these evils will now soon be brought to an end, Since we've found in the Hon'ble Malcolm a friend; For 'tis certain he'll leave no fair means untied, To obtain us the rights we've so long been denied.

Of these things I cannot spare longer to speak, And as the "Columbian" comes out twice a week, You'll find if you read, every item of news, That's any way worth your spare time to peruse.

Before I conclude, 'twould be a great pity, If I hadn't a word to say for our City; But I cannot spare time to mention, I fear, One half the improvements that have been made here.

'Twould take me a week! so swiftly they've grown, To count all the houses of wood and of stone, That have been built up within the last year; And yet the folks say we can do nothing here.

And every means has been taken, to try, To make all the business and people go by, And go up to Stickeen, or by the coast route; But you see, my dear friends, how they've both been "played out."

Our City Fathers, if they had but a show, The way to drive onwards would soon let them know, But the Governor—Czar—or whatever his name is, Won't give them a chance, but I know what his game is!

You know that he thinks "that the chief end of man is to keep all he gets, and get all he can;" So he's quietly gathering in his loose cash, Expecting, of course, that there'll soon be a crash.

And there are signs in our political sky Of a very great change in our affairs being nigh; And doubtless his Caesarship's beginning to feel, There's likely to be a "new man at the wheel."

And when our own Government we may elect, And the mail steamers come from "Frisco" direct, All British Columbia will make it their boast, That Westminster City is Queen of the Coast.

What shall I say to the ladies ("God bless them!") I'm bashful, and hardly know how to address them;

But I know they'll forgive me for being so shy, For I'm sure they'll all like the "Carrier Boy."

I wish them all happiness, long lives, and health, Contentment, good husbands, good fortune, and wealth; May every blessing for them be in store, And everything good; what can I wish more?

But I must away now and finish my tramp, For I yet have to go to the boys at the Camp; They've been jolly good fellows since first they came here, And sincerely I wish them a "Happy New Year."

So good-bye my dear friends; I hope you may all, Long be spared to receive our New Year's Day call; May each one have fortunes and wealth to enjoy, And a "TENASS" to "POTLATCH" to

THE CARRIER BOY.

LILLOOET ROUTE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING REFITTED THE
PEMBERTON HOUSE.

FOR THE
Accommodation of Travellers,

WITH
BEDS AND LIQUORS,

AND having engaged the best Cooks on the Pacific Coast, are prepared to furnish the travelling public with all the comforts and luxuries of a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL at greatly reduced rates.

N. B.—Travellers will find it to their advantage to patronize this House, as none but the best of everything will be furnished.

P. SMITH & CO.
Pemberton, Sept. 12th, 1862. se13

JUST RECEIVED, AT THE GOVERNMENT BAKERY, AND FAMILY GROCERY.

1000 Sacks Golden Gate Flour.

400	"Crescent City"
400	"Pioneer"
600	"National"
50	"Pacfic"
50	kgs Golden Syrup. (superior.)
50	boxes Candies.
25	cases Lard.

10,000 lbs. Oregon and Eastern Bacon, with a very large general assortment of Fresh Groceries on sale at

Unprecedentedly Low Prices.

Wholesale or Retail by
PHILIP HICK.
New Westminster, October 7th, 1862. tc.

THOMSON & TOWERS, PACKERS.

WISH TO NOTIFY THE PUBLIC that they are prepared to forward all

GOODS CONSIGNED TO THEIR CARE FROM LILLOOET

to any point in the
CARIBOO COUNTRY,

at moderate rates. Dispatch will be their motto, and every effort made to give satisfaction to those who may favor them with their patronage.

Lillooet, June 20th, 1862. je28

BOSTON BAR HOTEL, BAKERY AND PROVISION STORE.

THE SUBSCRIBERS better themselves that they will give entire satisfaction to all who may favor them with their patronage. A stock of the choicest

Liquors and Cigars constantly on hand. Also, Bread, Biscuit, Cakes, Pies, etc. Prices very low.

JOLIEUR & CO.
Boston Bar, B. C., June 25, 1861. je27

NEW Furniture and Stove Emporium.

THE SUBSCRIBERS would announce to the inhabitants of New Westminster, and British Columbia generally, that they have removed their

Furniture and Stove Warehouse to their New Building, Columbia Street, and having made arrangements for

DIRECT IMPORTATION FROM THE
BEST MARKETS,

are prepared to sell all articles in their line at the LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES. Orders are respectfully invited from all parts of the Colony, and will receive prompt and careful attention.

CUNNINGHAM & ASHVELL.
New Westminster, July 29th, 1862. jy30

New Advertisements.

W. J. ARMSTRONG, OPPOSITE LIVERPOOL WHARF, NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C., Wholesale and Retail

DEALER IN
**Groceries, Provisions, Hardware,
Paints, Oils, Crockery and Glassware.**

JUST RECEIVED a new stock, the best assortment in British Columbia, which will be sold CHEAP FOR CASH, and Cash only, except to Families having a permanent residence in the city, with whom monthly accounts will be opened.

N. B.—Fresh Butter from Mr. McRoberts', Pitt River, and Langley Ranches, constantly on hand, jy16 1f

LUMBER.

CONSTANTLY on hand in the New Westminster Lumber Yard a large assortment of
Rough and Dressed Lumber,

—ALSO—
DOORS AND WINDOWS OF ALL SIZES.

Bills of Lumber cut on the shortest notice, and orders from the interior promptly attended to.

J. A. R. HOMER.
New Westminster, Feb. 12th 1861.

BONDED WAREHOUSE.

**HENRY HOLBROOK,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
LIVERPOOL WHARF,
NEW WESTMINSTER.**

BONDED AND FREE STORAGE for 600 tons Goods. Every accommodation given to Goods landed on the Liverpool Wharf, for shipment up river.

A large assortment of Goods for sale at Victoria prices, with the duty added.

PIONEER SALOON.

Mr. J. T. SCOTT
HAS THE PLEASURE of informing his old friends, and the travelling public generally, that he is still to be found at the north-east corner of Lytton-square, where the thirsty are invited to call and try a sample

—OF HIS—
Wines, Ales and Liquors,

which he flatters himself are as good as can be produced in the Colony. In connection with the Saloon he has just opened a splendid

Billiard Hall, LOUIS HAUTIER'S MOTEL.

—AND—
**BILLIARD SALOON,
Lytton City, B. C.**

THIS House is furnished in the best style, and a stock of excellent LIQUORS and CIGARS kept constantly on hand. The Billiard Tables are unsurpassed in the colony. The charges are moderate.

British Columbia STAGE COMPANY. (LIMITED.)

THE COMPANY'S STAGES, carrying Passengers and Express Freight, run regularly between
Douglas and Lillooet,

Leaving each Town every morning.

FINE GOODS are conveyed, with dispatch, over the route in Light Four-Horse Waggon.

For further information, apply to
STEWART, MELDRUM & CO.,
Victoria,
HENRY HOLBROOK,
New Westminster,
and at the Company's Offices in Douglas and Lillooet. se6 1m

FOR SALE! HOMESTEADS AND VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

Building Lots from \$10 to \$200 Each
Also, 50 Vara Lots and Entire Blocks of Beautiful Garden Land!

IN THE CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO, on the line of the San Jose R.R. road at the WEST-END DEPOT. The title is absolutely PERFECT, being a Spanish Grant, finally confirmed and patented by the United States.

The Sheriff Bill respects this Title, The City Authorities respect it, The District Courts and Supreme Court of the United States respect it

Besides the Title has been forever quieted by a Final Decree and Judgment against the City!

So that there is not even a cloud or shadow upon it. Whoever purchases one of these lots will buy a lot and not a lawsuit.

Office, No. 19 Naglee's Building, corner of Montgomery and Merchant streets, San Francisco. jy30

HARVEY S. BROWN.

New Advertisements.

EASE AND HEALTH TO THE SICK HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

DISEASES OF THE SKIN.

Universal approbation has been awarded to this famous Ointment for its efficiency in removing diseases of the skin. For scrofula, scurvy, scald heads, and all eruptions of the skin, both in infancy and mature years, no remedy can be applied which so quickly cures as Holloway's Ointment. In the nursery it should always be at hand to ease the many skin affections to which the majority of children are liable. In all heat and tooth rashes, the Ointment is wonderfully cooling and curative. To soldiers, sailors, miners, and travellers in foreign lands, it is invaluable.

SORES, WOUNDS, BAD BREASTS, BAD LEGS.

In this class of maladies, an improvement in the appearance of the disease of the patient, follows the first dressing with the Ointment.

It must not only be smeared on the wound, or sore, but be briskly rubbed for some inches round about the diseased swollen or painful parts. It will penetrate to the blood vessels, nerves, and muscles, and even to the bone, and will exercise the most wholesome, healing, and purifying power over every tissue requisite for thorough reparation. The effect of the Ointment is increased by fomenting with warm water before the Ointment is rubbed in; but sores, when healing, should never be cleansed with sponge or anything else, as the young and new flesh which appears like a cream, would be washed away.

BLOOD TO THE HEAD, APOPLEXY.

Nothing gives so much ease in these complaints from which so many suffer, as Holloway's cooling and healing Ointment. When rubbed upon the spine it acts most energetically in drawing surplus blood from the brain; even to children in teething; this Ointment has a miraculous effect in preventing fits and convulsions, so often attendant on tooth-cutting. The Pills should be used according to the directions.

RHEUMATISM; GOUT; STIFF JOINTS.

Every one suffering from these painful affections should use this purifying Ointment, as it has reached thousands from a life of torture, after every other means had been tried in vain. The Ointment should be well rubbed into the skin at least twice a day, after it has been properly fomented with warm salt water, and dried. The inflammation soon yields, and the patient no longer helpless, resumes his accustomed occupation.

GLANDULAR SWELLINGS, BRONCHITIS, MUMPS, SORE THROAT, AND DIPHTHERIA.

To combat these diseases with success, a remedy is required which will have the whole absorbent system under its control. Such a remedy is Holloway's Ointment, when rubbed on the skin; it penetrates to the glands, and removes any obstruction or impurity which may be impeding their healthy action. This Ointment acts on the very mainspring of life, for through the glands pass all new matter required for the body's reparation; in all the above class of cases, the Ointment and Pills used conjointly will act so searching, and certainly, as to effect cures in the most deplorable cases.

PISTULAS AND PILES.

All inflammations, and ulcerations of sensitive parts may be presently relieved, and ultimately cured, by the diligent use of this cooling and healing Ointment, aided twice daily by bathing the parts in cold water. Immediate case springs from this treatment; perseverance is necessary to effect a permanent cure.

ASTHMA, SHORTNESS OF BREATH.

In these complaints the Ointment should be well rubbed twice a day upon the chest, and between the shoulders; it will penetrate to the lungs, stimulate them to renewed exertions, prevent stagnation of blood, moderate the pulsations of the heart, regulate the current of air through the bronchial tubes, and thus effect a permanent cure.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following cases:—

Bad Legs.	Chapped Hands.	Scalds.
Bad Breasts.	Contracted and Stiff Joints.	Sore Nipples.
Burns.	Elephantiasis.	Sore-throats.
Bunions.	Fistulas.	Skin-diseases.
Bite of Mosquitoes.	Gout.	Scurvy.
and Sand-Flies.	Glandular Swellings.	Sore-heads.
Coro-bay.	Ulcers.	Tumors.
Chiego-foot.	Lumbago.	Wounds.
Corns (soft).	Piles.	Yaws.
Cancers.	Rheumatism.	
Chilblains.		

Sold at the establishment of Professor Holloway, 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar) London; and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the civilized world, at the following prices:—1s. 1d., 2s. 6d., 4s. 6d., 11s., 22s., and 33s. each Pot.

* * * There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each Pot.

CURTIS & MOORE, and LANGLEY BROS., Agents.
Yates-street, Victoria, V. I. m6 1y

Government Bakery —AND— FAMILY GROCERY.

—AND—
**PHILIP HICK,
LYTTON SQUARE,**

KEEPS constantly on hand, and is selling at very low prices,
Wholesale and Retail,

a choice assortment of
**GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,
BREAD, PIES, CAKES, BISCUIT, &c.**

Parties proceeding to
CARIBOO

will find a complete supply of such articles as they require in this establishment.

PHELAN & COLLENDER'S MODEL BILLIARD TABLES!

AND
COMBINATION CUSHIONS.

GEO. E. PHELAN AND MATTHEW E. HUGHES having formed a copartnership for the sale of Phelan's Model Billiard Tables and Combination Cushions, would invite the public to visit their establishment and inspect their stock, and full supply of every article in the Billiard Trade constantly on hand.

G. E. PHELAN,
M. E. HUGHES,
724 and 726 Montgomery Street,
and Opposite the Metropolitan Theatre, San Francisco.

TO LEASE—Lots suitable for business purposes.
J. A. R. HOMER.

Printed and published every Wednesday and Saturday, by J. A. R. HOMER, at the office, Lytton Square, New Westminster, in the Colony of British Columbia.

No 83

The Br
NEW WESTMI
THE

The news from still of the most u altogether unite the untold and jobbery whic ized this war, is work upon the N too much excited conviction, now the fearful financi great Federal shi their great victorie winter closing in ing their compara with the seeds of minating amongst open rupture in the both parties to the truly a gloomy a reason to expect t will now be made remains to be seen which ample time of the wisest me and thereby putti tilities which ha upon one of the

It appears from Britain has respect of France to medi the war, from t Federals are not ent, and that a re way of future suc the time has not jesty's Governme auspicious momen great powers will the strong induc provocations, Gre this protracted st tion she has, by r orable neutrality stances, furnished example of nation history will yet g and unreasonable

The captiv e Ariel, on Sunda her way from Ne sancy, daring litt gallant, and, i magnanimous co able agitation, c craft have now s high seas; and now almost impo American shipp the entire Atlant to fall into the h hear of the sale o at half their val risk.

The Alabama is of 1200 tons bur what narrow. S ers on a side, has forward of the br main-deck. She i teen knots under She is English bu an English crew.

legal authority in that a ship, sail errand, is a bre of the Queen's p opine, however, move in the supp she to do so ther would result in a the Confederation hold it to be a g trality which it maintain.

Prison RETU politeness of C, the Gaol, for the of December las month, 81; Rec Discharged durin the 31st of the m

A GOOD TIME p duction of Briti Government, as ture be received here: The Sov 48c.; one shilling 12c. These rate Bankers in exch